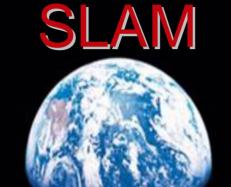
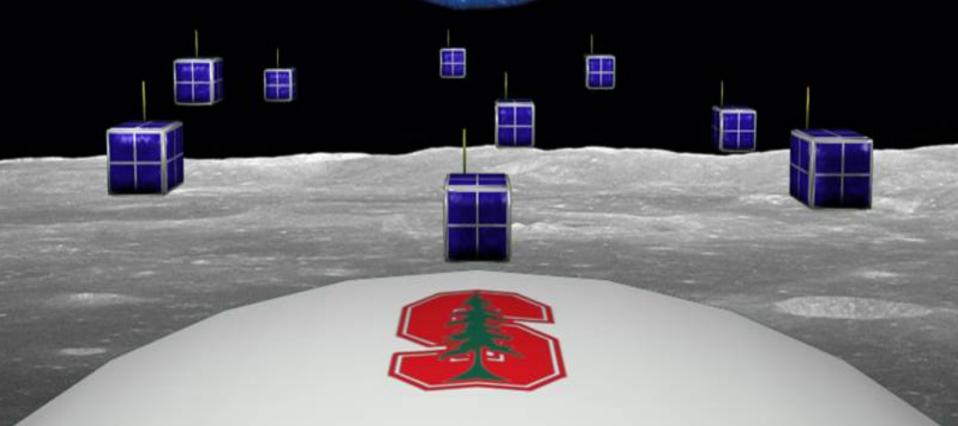
# Stanford Lunar Analysis Mission:

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Nov. 14, 2006 Stanford Amateur Radio Club



#### What is SLAM?

- ☐ Feasibility & preliminary design study
- ☐ Can we send CubeSats to the Moon?

# Keypoints

- We can send CubeSats to the Moon
- Space Systems Development Lab (SSDL) future mission
- Low power CubeSats and high power, high gain carrier
- ☐ Hierarchical communication network

### Motivation and Goals

#### Stanford on the Moon

- Stanford alumni organization
- Customer Goals
  - Multidisciplinary mission in next decade
  - Expand Stanford capabilities in space
  - Stanford initiative
  - Garner attention and fundraising for SOM future missions to establish Stanford presence on Moon

#### **Lunar Mission Goals**

- □ Satellite mission to Moon in next five years
- Collect data to further human missions
- Broadcast back to Earth
  - Beat Cal!
- Stanford science & engineering involvement



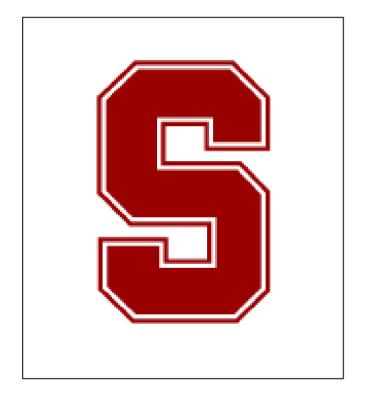








#### **Lunar Mission Statement**



- □ To design lunar satellite missions that can be carried out in large part by the Stanford community
- Determine existing Stanford infrastructure and capabilities

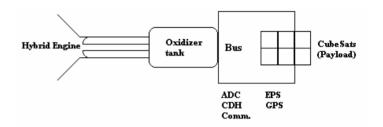
# Why Do It?

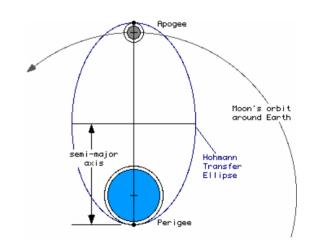
- Educational opportunity
- Extend university capabilities in space
- □ Gather data about the moon
- Outreach tool
- PR opportunity for Stanford
- Increase public interest in space
- Competition
- □ To have FUN!!

### **Lunar Mission**

#### **Lunar Mission**

- 6 CubeSats
- Carrier
  - Hybrid Engine
- Launch Vehicle
  - $\triangle V \sim 7.7$ km/s
- Swing-by Mission
  - $\triangle V \sim 3.1 \text{km/s}$
- Cost
  - ~\$2 million





#### CubeSats

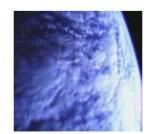
- Volume: 10 x 10 x 10 cm<sup>3</sup>
- Mass ~ 1 kg
- □ Power ~ 1 W
- CubeSat Kit
- Advantages:
  - Lost cost (KISS)
  - Fast turnaround
  - COTS
- ☐ Prevalence: 70 universities worldwide
  - Successes: ~10 launches







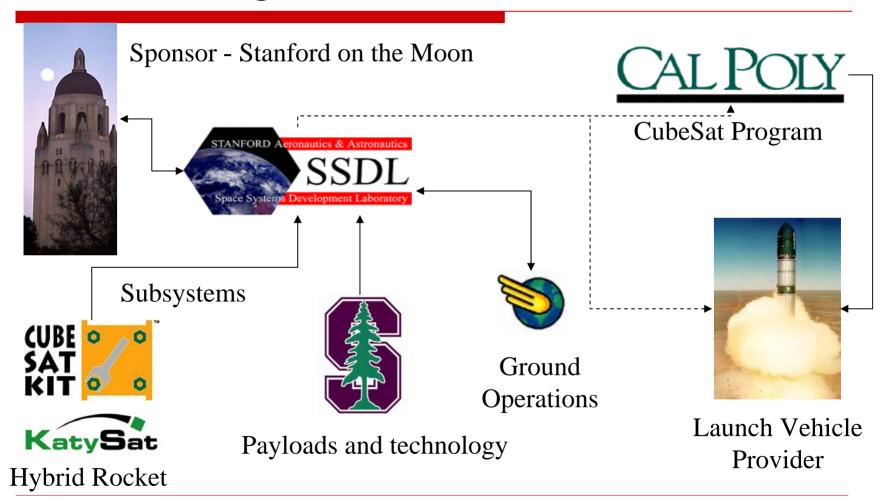






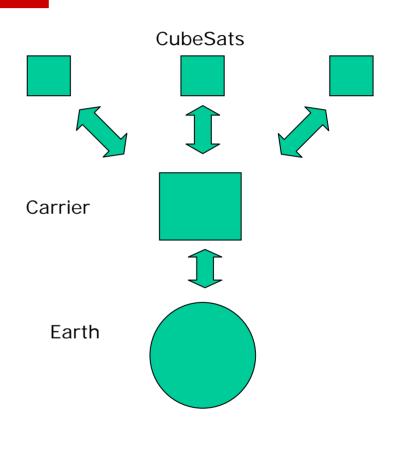


### Mission Organization



#### Communication

- Architecture
  - Earth-Moon distance~ 384,000km
  - Carrier-Earth
    - ☐ High power, high gain carrier
    - Attitude control
  - Local to Moon
    - Low powerCubeSats andcarrier



#### Communication

- □ Sat Carrier Ground
  - Routine reporting in cyclic order
  - Local IP networking
  - FIFO queuing of messages
  - Message flagging
  - Carrier onboard processing/direction
- □ Ground station networks
  - Mercury network
  - Purchase time
- Memory issues
  - Orbit vs. quick flyby storage requirements

## Summary

- □ Feasible lunar CubeSat mission
- Preliminary mission design
- ☐ Hierarchical communication network

□ Let's get to work!

# Thank you!

#### **Questions?**

For more info

http://ssdl.stanford.edu

http://www.stanford.edu/~kldavis/SLAM